

segments. This palm was found in the Glen of Palms in the Macdonnell Range, and seems to be very little known. (Adapted from Bentham, *Flora Australiensis*, vol. 7, p. 146.)

Prunus glandulosa (Amygdalaceae), 46003. **Cherry.** From China. Collected by Mr. Frank N. Meyer, Agricultural Explorer for this Department. "(No. 1303. Ichang, Hupeh, China. March 4, 1918.) A spreading shrub, with many slender twigs, growing to a height of from 3 to 5 feet, flowering early in spring with a multitude of small, rosy-white flowers which are followed by an abundance of small fruits of purple-black color and of fresh sour taste. These tiny cherries lend themselves well to be made into excellent preserves and are utilized so by the Roman Catholic Missionaries in the southwest part of Hupeh, where this bush cherry is found very frequently in gardens. Since this species of *Prunus* thrives in regions with high summer temperatures and great humidity it probably will succeed in the South Atlantic and Gulf States. By selection and hybridization larger-fruited forms should be developed and a new fruiting shrub for the home garden would be the result. Obtained from the garden of the Roman Catholic convent at Ichang. Chinese name **Gai yuen tao**, meaning 'dwarf diminutive peach'." (Meyer.)

Sabinea carinalis (Fabaceae), 46026. From Dominica, British West Indies. Presented by Mr. Joseph Jones, Curator, Botanic Station. This small tree is known locally as **Bois Charibe**, and is one of the most showy of our native plants. It is a very fine flowering tree and I have seen nothing in the tropics to surpass it as a mass of color. If grown on fairly good land it will not make a good show but if planted on a dry, rocky hillside where it will be scorched by the sun for a period of 3 or 4 months each year, it makes a marvelous display of flowers. It would probably succeed in the hot parts of California. (Adapted from transmitting letter of Mr. Jones.) A shrub or small tree with abruptly pinnate leaves having 6 to 8 pairs of oblong leaflets. The large, bright scarlet flowers are borne in fascicles of 3 to 5 and appear before the leaves. (Adapted from Grisebach, *Flora of the British West Indian Islands*, p. 183.)